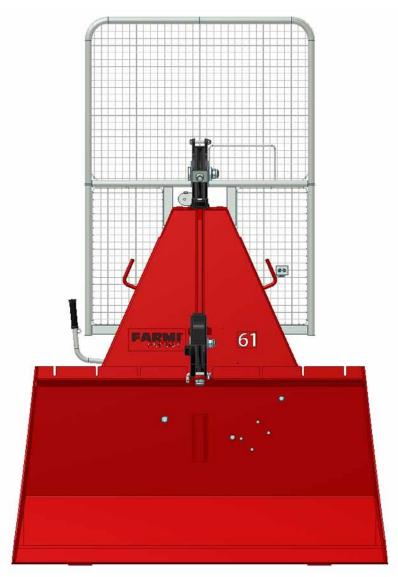
# **OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL**

# SKIDDING WINCH FARMI 61



READ THIS OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL CAREFULLY BEFORE USING THE MACHINE



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#### INTRODUCTION

This manual includes the information and maintenance instructions required for operating the machine in the optimal manner.

Although you have experience in using this kind of machinery, read the operation and maintenance instructions carefully since they include information enabling efficient and safe operation. Regular maintenance is the best way to guarantee the efficient and economical performance of the machine.



Each and every operator must read, understand, and follow all safety instructions and procedures.

#### **PRODUCT WARRANTY**

Farmi provides a 12-months warranty on all Farmi products.

Register on our home page (www.farmiforest.fi) under FeedBack ("Product Registration" form) within 30 days after the receipt of the product to get full product warranty and additional information on your product. If it is not possible for you to register via internet, please register as follows: Complete the registration form on the last pages of this manual and return it to us within 30 days after the receipt of the product.

#### **CUSTOMER FEEDBACK**

We are happy to receive your opinions and suggestions for improvements by mail, fax or e-mail. All implemented suggestions for improvements will be rewarded.

#### WARNING SYMBOLS IN THIS MANUAL



imminent danger which could cause serious personal injury or death



danger which could cause personal injury



conditions or misuse that could damage equipment or machinery



## **EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

Manufacturer: Farmi Forest Corporation Ahmolantie 6, FIN-74510 IISALMI, Finland	
Person authorized to compile the technical documentation: Name: Matti Berg Address: Ahmolantie 6, FIN-74510 IISALMI, Finland	
Commercial name: Farmi	
Machine denomination: Skidding winch	
Machine type: FARMI 61	
Machine series number:	
Herewith, we declare that the machine brought into circulation conthe pertinent requirements of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.	forms with
The following harmonized standards were used for the conceptional the machine:	ıl design of
EN ISO 12100-1/2, SFS EN ISO 13857, SFS EN ISO 4254-1	
lisalmi 17.1.2013 (Place) (date)	
Pul Slier	
Juha Hallivuori	

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#### **GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

These safety instructions are meant for the owners of FARMI equipment, as well as those who operate, service or repair it.

The instructions help with:

- using the machine safely, appropriately and effectively.
- identifying, avoiding and preventing potentially dangerous situations.

The manufacturer supplies an instruction manual, which must always be available at the place of operation of the machine. Each user must read the safety, maintenance and operating instructions before operating the machine, and comply with these instructions at all times.



Ensure that every operator of the machine is familiar with the content of the instruction manual and situation-specific safety instructions, and has been suitably trained before operating the machine.

The machine complies with technical requirements and applicable safety regulations. However, incorrect use, maintenance or repair of the machine may cause risks.

In addition to the instruction manual, remember to comply with regulations of the local occupational health and safety authorities, and with your country's laws and decrees.

# The manufacturer is not liable for damages caused by:

- incorrect, negligent or inappropriate use of the product.
- non-original spare parts.
- normal wear and tear.
- misuse caused by an untrained person's improper actions.
- alterations made without the manufacturer's permission.



Written authorization must be requested from the manufacturer for any alterations to the machine.

#### **STARTING**

- Familiarize yourself thoroughly with the use, operation and controls of the machine and its equipment before starting.
- Familiarize yourself with the capacities and limitations of the machine and its equipment.
- Do not use the machine unless you are completely familiar with its operation.
- Be aware of the machine's danger zones.
- During operation, prevent bystanders from entering the danger zone.
- Ensure that each operator has the necessary safety equipment, such as a helmet, safety goggles, work safety boots and suitable protective clothing.
- Never wear loose clothing around moving parts.
   Protect long hair!
- Ensure that work is carried out according to the stipulations of applicable occupational health and safety legislation.
- Before starting up or using the machine, ensure that it cannot cause a risk to other people or property.
- Perform a safety check on the machine before every use. If you observe any faults or deficiencies, repair the machine immediately.
- Before operating the machine, ensure that there are no foreign articles in it.
- Place the machine on a hard, level surface for operation. In the winter avoid working in slippery areas.
- Before mounting and using the machine, check the PTO drive shaft for correct condition and attachment.
- Never use a faulty or deficient machine.

#### **TRANSPORT**

- Before driving with the machine, ensure the safe mounting of the machine. Make sure that the journals are seating correctly and that the pins are tight. Check the tension of the lower link stabilizers.
- Before driving with the machine, make sure that the required lamps and reflectors as well as the slow moving vehicle sign are attached correctly. Moreover, the lamps should be checked for correct functioning.
- Before driving with the attached machine, make sure that the hydraulic unit of the machine is depressurized (unless otherwise instructed in the operating instructions).
- When driving on public roads, always observe the valid traffic regulations. The travel speed must be adapted to the specific conditions.
- When driving, please take into consideration the additional mass resulting from the machine's weight. It may affect the reactions, the steerability and the braking function of the tractor.
- Please note that the machine rear sways when turning.
- Pay attention to the machine's height near bridges or other height restricting objects.
- When backing off, the machine may obstruct the rear view. Exercise extreme caution. If necessary, ask a flagman to help you; he can indicate the required distances.
- It is prohibited for other people to ride on the machine.

- Never insert any body part into the machine with the engine running.
- If any faults arise that may jeopardize occupational safety, turn off the machine.
- During operation, the machine's operator is responsible for safety in the whole work area. Work may not be carried out in the presence of any factors that jeopardize occupational safety.
- Exercise extreme caution when hitching / unhitching the machine from a tractor/trailer.



The machine's operator must have constant, unobstructed visibility of the work area. If this is not possible, the operator must work with an assistant.

- Look out for moving parts when the machine is in operation.
- Secure the machine against unauthorized and accidental operation (e.g. moving when parked) whenever it is left unattended.
- Never leave the machine running unattended.
- Avoid causing fast, stroke-like loading.
- Never exceed the given operating values.
- All safety and warning signs on and in the machine must be legible and intact.
- The machine may not be operated by persons who are unwell or under the influence of drugs or alcohol.

#### **OPERATION**



Many occupational accidents take place in abnormal circumstances. Therefore it is important to take into account all the possible circumstances that may arise during operation of the machine.

 Depending on the machine's type, it will have diverse safety devices and protectors. These are meant to protect the machine and its operator, and they must never be removed or altered. Never start up or use the machine without all the safety devices and protectors in place. Also check the universal joint's safety equipment and joins.

#### **MAINTENANCE**

- The machine may only be serviced and repaired by professionals.
- Electrical and hydraulic faults may only be repaired by authorized professionals.
- In cases requiring welding, contact the manufacturer.
- Turn off the tractor engine and disconnect the universal joint before beginning service or maintenance actions.
- Before any maintenance work, turn the main power switch of the tractor to OFF.
- Ensure that there is no pressure in the hydraulic system.
- Take out the key from the tractor's ignition for the duration of the servicing or maintenance. Check that the power is off from the machine you are working on.

- When servicing the machine, place it on a level surface and ensure that it cannot be moved.
- Observe the service intervals and annual safety inspections.
- All spare parts and equipment must fulfill the manufacturer's requirements. This can be guaranteed by using original parts.
- Put all safety devices back into place immediately once servicing or maintenance is complete.



When lifting the machine, check that the lifting/hoisting equipment is in perfect working order. Check the weight of the machine before lifting it. Choose lifting trajectories so that they do not cause any danger.

Many countries have specific legislation on lifting, hoisting cables and hoists. Always comply with local safety regulations.

#### **OILS AND LUBRICATION**

- Always use the oil types recommended by the manufacturer. Other types of oil may cause faults or improper operation of the equipment, which could lead to serious damage to people or property.
- Never mix different liquids or oils.
- Always follow the manufacturer's lubrication instructions.
- Use control equipment carefully until the hydraulic oil has had time to reach its operating temperature.

#### SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR HYDRAULIC CIRCUITS

- 1. Work on hydraulic equipment may only be carried out by professional hydraulic engineers.
- 2. Be cautious when using the equipment in cold conditions.
- 3. Check the machine for leaks. Do not use the machine if there is a leak from any system. Check all hydraulic hoses particularly those which are bent during use and replace any that are in poor condition or have leaks. Ensure that all joins are tight and that the lines are not damaged. Check that all protective caps and filler caps are closed properly. Check the hose sheathing for damage.
- 4. Check that all hose connectors, lengths and qualities comply with applicable requirements. When replacing or repairing hoses, use original

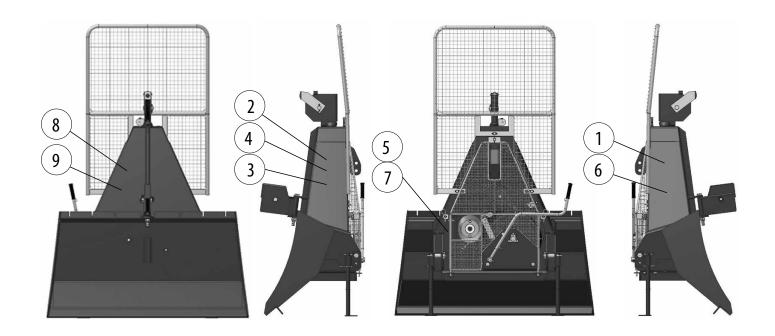
- parts or hoses and connectors recommended by the manufacturer. Check particularly that the pressure classes of the hoses and connectors are suitable to the operating pressure levels.
- Check that all safety devices such as pressure relief valves, etc., are in place and work properly. Familiarize yourself with their use. Safety systems may never be bypassed.
- 6. Check the main hydraulic parts daily, and always after a fault. Replace any damaged parts immediately.
- 7. If a component is damaged, clean it before repairing it. Do not use solvents when cleaning parts.
- 8. Do not attempt to carry out repairs that you are not fully familiar with.
- Never carry out repairs of the hydraulic circuit when the system is pressurized. When pressurized, the oil spray can penetrate the skin and cause mortal danger.
- 10. Never work below a device or component that is only being held up by hydraulics. Use separate supports when carrying our maintenance or repairs. Do not disconnect cylinders or their valves until the machine is well supported.
- 11. Most hydraulic oils do not evaporate easily. Risk factors include hot oil, spills and oil mist (pressurized).
- 12. If oil gets into your eyes, rinse with plenty of water and contact a doctor.
- 13. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with your skin.
- 14. If sprays or contact with the skin cannot be avoided, use protective gloves, goggles and clothing as necessary. Do not use oily clothing.
- 15. Avoid discharging hydraulic oil into the environment, as it can pollute waterways and the groundwater. If biodegradable oil is to be used, please contact the manufacturer beforehand and have the suitability of your equipment for the operation with biodegradable oil confirmed by him before such oil is used.
- 16. Store the oil in sealed containers provided by the manufacturer. Try to transfer the oil directly from its container into the tank.
- 17. If the oil must be passed through other containers, ensure that they are completely clean. Caps, funnels, sieves and filling holes must also be clean.
- 18. Never store oil outdoors, as water could condense in it.
- 19. Always dispose of oil in a suitable container, never into the environment!

#### SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR WINCHES

- Check that the wire cable is in good condition before using the winch (check for corrosion, sharp bends, breakage and thickness of strands). If a cable snaps, it can whip towards the operator or away from the winch.
- Operate the winch with a guide cable at least 2 meters away to the side of the machine. Do not operate the winch from the tractor cabin unless a safety net has been installed.
- When winching downhill, the pulling must be done from the side using an additional idler.
- When winching on a hill, do not follow the load from below.
- Side-winching must not be done at angles of more than 30 degrees.
- It is extremely dangerous to be in the space between a load attached to the wire cable and the winch.
- Check that all bystanders are at a safe distance of at least 15 meters whenever the machine is running. Place warning signs on approaching roads.
- Never touch the wire cable by hand during winching.
- The maximum load must be adjusted to conditions.
- Check that the winching chains are carefully attached. Do not attach the wire cable directly to the load.
- The safety coefficient must be 2.5 for cable-type fasteners and 2 for chain-type fasteners.
- Disconnect the transmission before examining the machine in the case of any faults.
- Ensure the wire cable is as short as possible during transport.
- The winch may only be used for winching and hauling. Do not use the winch for lifting loads.

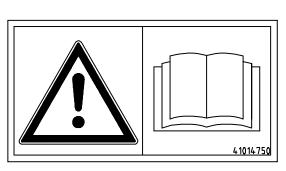
#### STICKERS AND PLATES

The following plates and labels must be correctly attached to the machine. Missing safety plates / labels must be replaced immediately.

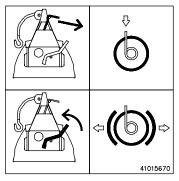


Farmi Forest Corporation				
Ahmolantie 6				
FIN-74510 IISALMI	•			
FINLAND				
SEILWINDE / SKIDDING WINCH				
Typ / Type		FARMI 61		
Triebwerkgruppe / Duty cycle	EM	1	<u></u>	
Zugkraft innen / Bare drum line pull	kΝ	60	189	
Zugkraft aussen / Full drum line pull	kΝ	26	014	
BetrDruck / Max. pressure	bar	140	]4	
FabrNr. / Serial number				
Baujahr / Manufacturing year		20		
Erf. Anttriesleistung / Input power	kW	45		
Seildurschmesser/ Cable diameter	шШ	12		
Rech. Bruchkraft/Min. rope breaking loac	kΝ	120		
Gewicht / Weight	kg	503		

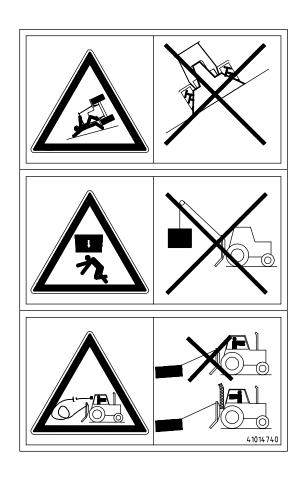
1. Machine plate FARMI 61 (40146830)



2. Note! See manual for operation and maintenance. (41014750)



3. Controls (41015670)



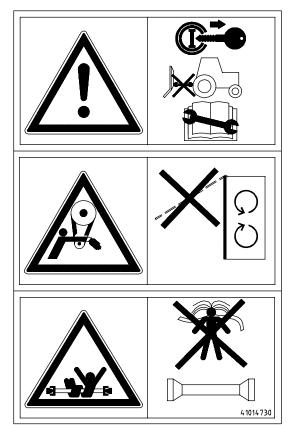
#### 4. Nr 41014740

Falling danger! Do not work in an oblique position.

Crushing danger!

Do not use the winch for the lifting.

Watch out for a breaking cable! Always use the protective screen.



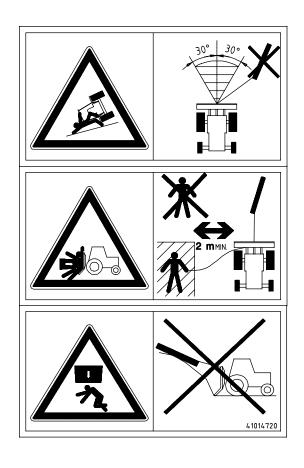
#### 5. Nr 41014730

#### Note!

Before doing maintenance work turn off the motor, remove the ignition key and disengage the P.T.O.

Accident danger! Keep the safety equipment where it belongs.

Winding danger! Do not wear too loose clothes and keep the hair bound inside the cap.



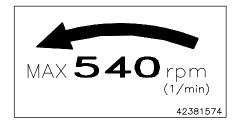
6. Nr 41014720

Falling danger! Do not winch at sideways angles exceeding 30 degrees.

Crushing danger!

Do not stand in front of the winch when working. Stand on the side at a distance of at least 6 ft from the winch.

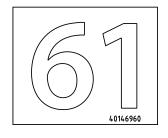
Crushing danger! Do not winch downhill.



7. Maximum rpm (42381574)

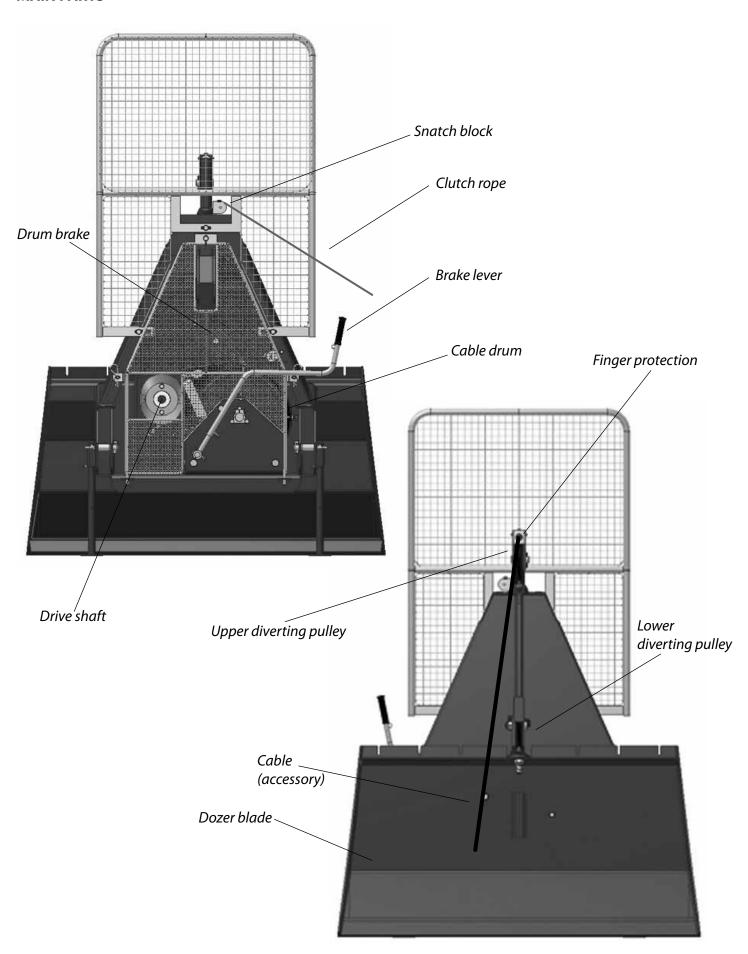


8. FARMI Forest -sticker (40147110)



9. Sticker 61 (40146960)

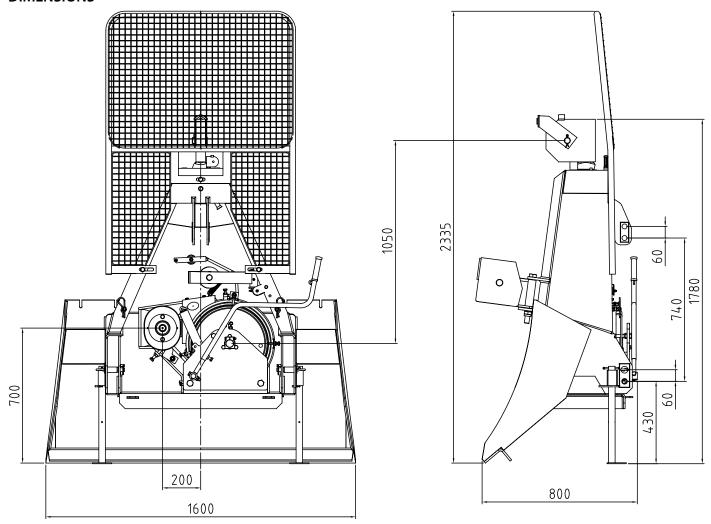
#### **MAIN PARTS**



## **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION**

	FARMI 61
Tractive power Cable drum empty ( Maximum)	60 kN
Cable drum full (Minimum)	26 kN
Cable capacity	70 m, ø 12 mm cable
Ultimate strength of the cable 1960 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	COMPACTED
Winching speed 350 rpm	0,36 - 0,82 m/s
540 rpm	0,56 - 1,26 m/s
Weight( without cable)	508 kg
Clutch	Mechanical friction plate clutch with heat sink
Power transmission	Universal shaft from tractor
Mounting	To 3-point hitch(Kat.I and Kat.II)
Power needed	min. 45 kW (60 hp)

## **DIMENSIONS**



#### **MOUNTING**

#### **MOUNTING TO THE 3-POINT HITCH**

The winch can be mounted to the 3-point linkage of any tractor. Power transmission is obtained through universal shaft from tractor.

#### **ASSEMBLY OF THE PTO SHAFT**



If the PTO shaft is too long it may get pressed when the three point hitch is lifted up. This may cause damage to the bearings of the winch or to the PTO of the tractor. The PTO shaft must not be too

short in any position.

The PTO length is suitable, if the pipes do not reach the bottom.

#### PTO is optional equipment.

- 1. Mount the winch to the 3-point hitch of the tractor.
- 2. Raise the winch high enough to get the PTO shaft of the tractor and the winch to a horizontal level.
- 3. If you have a shortened PTO shaft available, put one end into the drive shaft and check that the distance of the locking of the other end. Take into account the additional clearance of approx. 20 mm.
- 4. Fasten the other end of the PTO shaft in its place and also move the winch sideways at the same time securing that the axis does not base.

#### SHORTEN THE DRIVE SHAFT



Both PTO halves must be shortened by equal amounts.

- First cut the thicker cover to a correct lenght (1). Remember 20 mm clearance. Then cut away the same amount from the form pipe. Make a similar shortening to the second half of the PTO shaft. Remove the burr with the file.
- Connect the PTO shafts within each other. Make sure by moving eevator carefully up and down that the shortening of the axis is sufficient. Check that the axis have 20 mm latitude.

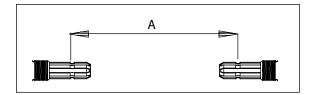


Fig. 1. Measure A when the drive shafts are nearest to each other.

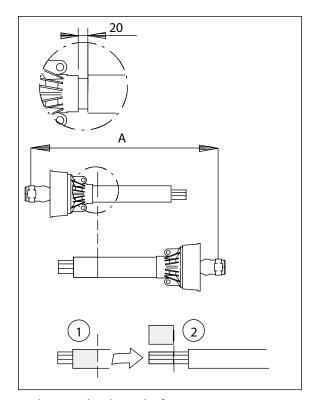


Fig. 2. Shorten the drive shaft

#### FASTENING THE CABLE TO THE DRUM

- 1. Tape the cable end to prevent loosening of the core wires.
- 2. Pass the cable through the hole in cable guard, over the upper snatch block and then inside the winch.
- 3. Insert the cable from behind the roll of the drum brake.
- 4. Pull the cable onto the drum from the left hand side (the same side as the clutch lever).
- 5. Pass the cable end through the hole in the drum plate, pull about 15 cm (6"), and insert under the wedge of the cable lock device. See fig. 3.
- 6. Tighten the cable lock screw.
- 7. Winch the cable on the drum. REMEMBER THAT THE CABLE HAS TO BE LOADED HEAVILY, WHEN WINCHING THE CABLE BACK ON THE DRUM.

Do not use longer cable than needed. With correct length you achieve good pulling strength and proper winding of the cable.

#### **PRE-OPERATION CHECKS**

#### **CABLE**

#### Check that:

- the cable is faultless (breakage risk).
- there are no twists or kinks (breakage risk) in the cable.
- the cable has been properly fastened to the winch.

#### **WINCH**

#### Check that:

- all the pins and lynch pins are in place.
- all bolts and nuts have been tightened.
- roller chain is tight.
- the drum brake has been properly adjusted.
- the clutch has been correctly adjusted.
- lubrication is carried out correctly. See lubricating instructions.

#### MOUNTING TO THE TRACTOR

#### Check that:

- the tractor's top link point is locked. (with the help of a support, if necessary).
- the pins are properly secured.
- the side limits are locked and slack removed from the lifting arm.
- the PTO-shaft is suitably long, properly fastened and the shield chains attached.
- the winch support legs have been raised.

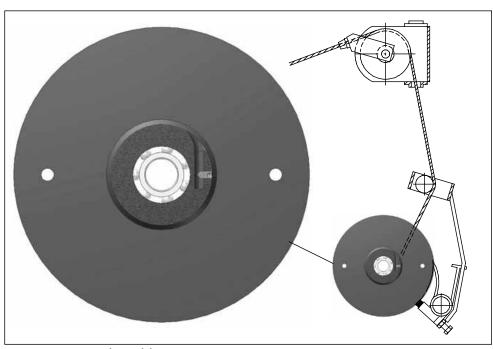


Fig. 3. Fastening the cable

#### **CONTROLS**



Get acquainted with the controllers of the winch before the use, tests the stopping functions of the winch and the tractor and all other functions. Each function has to be in perfect condition.

#### **WINCHING**

- The winch is equipped with a clutch, which will be used by the control rope. When the user draws the control rope, the winch begings to draw in the cable. Winching will stop when the rope is released.
- The end of the cable drum is equipped with a friction clutch, which slips, if the load is too heavy.
   This prevents cable break or damages if the load gets caught.
- The cable can be pulled out when the safety brake is released.

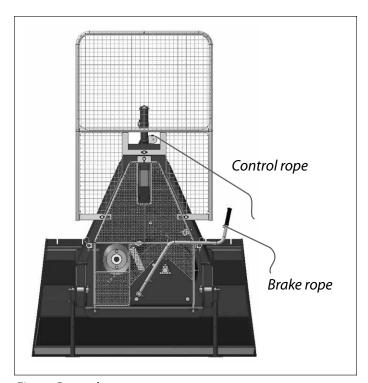


Fig. 4. Controls

#### **OPERATION**

#### **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**



Read the operation instructions before operating this machine! It is the owner's responsibility to instruct all equipment operators and support personnel in the operation of this winch.

- 1. Choose a horizontal, hard based skidding route for the tractor. Avoid steep slopes, especially when winching from the side. Check that the winching trail is clear and that the tractor's parking brake is on. Do not run the tractor at a high idle when winching. Maximum PTO speed is 540 rpm. Ensure that the logs can be drawn freely. Be especially careful when working on slopes. Avoid winching sideways at angles exceeding 30 degrees. Use diverting pulley which is fastened to the tree if needed. (See fig. 7.)
- The safest place for the operator is at the back left side of the winch, allowing good visibility. See fig. 21. Take care that there is no one in the working area.
- 3. The tractor must have a ROPS cab and front end weights.
- Always position the tractor on a flat ground in line with the direction of the pull (see fig. 5.).
   Avoid working in steep terrain. Ensure nothing is blocking the path of trees.
- Avoid an unnecessarily strong pulls, the tractor may roll over.
- Adjust the tractors rpm's according to the conditions.
- Use a shield between the seat and the winch (e.g. safety cab or protective screen) if you run the winch from the tractor seat.
- Use agreed signals when working in groups.
- 4. When you use a light tractor, there is a very big risk that the tractor will roll over. To avoid that risk, you must add extra weight to the front of the tractor.
- The falling danger of the tractor can be reduced by winching through the lower diverting pulley.

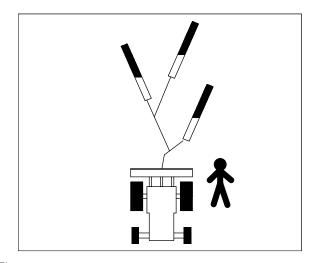


Fig. 5.

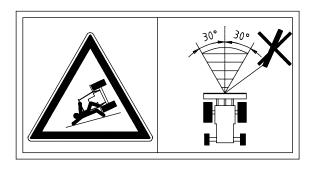


Fig. 6. Do not winch sideways at angles exceeding 30 degrees. The tractor can tilt.

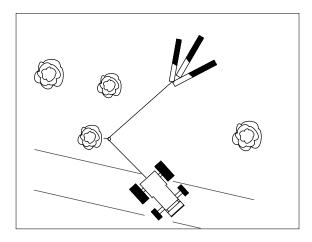


Fig. 7. Use a snatchblock to avoid winching sideways.

#### **PRE-OPERATION CHECKS**

# MOUNTING AND USE OF THE LOWER SNATCHBLOCK

- Usually the logs are winched in through the upper diverting pulley of the winch. This lifts the logs and they dig less into the ground. The weight of the load also pushes the blade into the ground thus anchoring the winch and the tractor to the ground.
- The winch has a lower diverting pulley. The main use of the lower diverting pulley is to lower the pulling point. This enables larger loads to be skidded out. For skidding out the load the cable is transferred to the lower diverting pulley.
- Several logs can be hooked up and winched in at one time by means of keyhole sliders on the cable.
   The skidding chain should have a pin on the end, which makes it easier to pass the chain underneath the tree. See fig. 8.

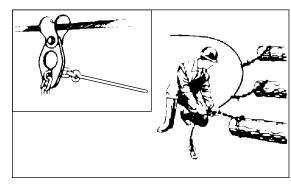


Fig. 8. Use a keyhole sliders to winch several logs at one time.



When using the lower diverting pulley make sure that it follows the direction of the cable. Otherwise the cable will be damaged, when it is pressed between the snatch block and the lower diverting pulley frame.



When winching an unloaded cable, make sure that the finger guard doesn't rise up with cable and doesn't cause cable to crosscut.

#### WINCHING



Before using the winch, you have to pull the cable completely out of the drum and winch the cable back on the drum with a heavy load. Otherwise the cable will be damaged.

 Park the winch and tractor on level, stable ground. Lock the brakes of the tractor before winching. Lower the 3-point hitch so that the dozer blade anchors the winch to the ground. See fig. 9.



Do not let the dozer blade sink too deeply into the ground, so that the PTO shaft is not damaged.

- Before using the skidding winch, make sure that the lower diverting pulley, the upper diverting pulley and the finger guard move freely.
- Draw the cable to the load but avoid twitches. Do not draw out too much cable to avoid loose spaces when the cable is reeled in.
- 2. Start the tractor, turn the PTO on. Use the winch with the control rope and stand in a safe place at a distance of at least 2 m (6 ft) from the winch. Use the upper diverting pulley when winching.
- 3. Operate the clutch firmly. Avoid sliding the clutch to avoid warming of the clutch. Stop winching by letting go of the control rope for the leave. The clutch will slip when the load is heavier than the selected pull. This prevents damages to the cable or winch. Avoid extra large loads. The winding speed depends on the number of revolutions of the tractor. Do not wind too fast.

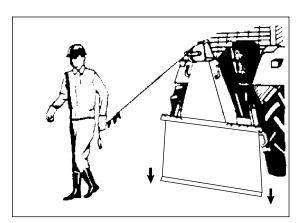


Fig. 9. Anchor the dozer blade to the ground.

4. Stop winching when the logs are at about 1,5-3 m (5-10 ft) from the tractor. Install the cable on the lower diverting pulley.

#### **SKIDDING**

- 1. Start the tractor, engage the power output. Pull the control line and winch-skid the logs onto the lower sheave. The load is locked by stopping the output, by which the brake is engaged. Do not release the safety brake!
- 2. Turn off the P.T.O.
- 3. Raise the 3-point hitch so that the logs come off ground (fig. 12.).
- 4. Move the logs to the desired place.

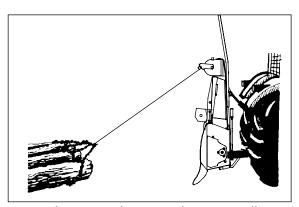


Fig. 10. Winching over the upper diverting pulley

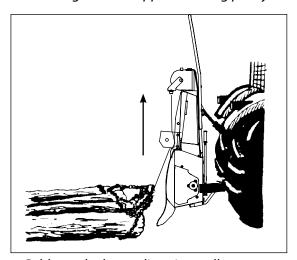


Fig. 11. Cable on the lower diverting pulley

#### **WORKING IN ROUGH TERRAIN**

Drop the load before you reach bad terrain. Drive through the bad spot. Winch in the load again (Fig. 13.).

#### IF YOU GET STUCK WITH THE TRACTOR

- 1. Drop the load. Drive the tractor to firm ground. Winch in the load.
- 2. If you cannot move the tractor, release the load and winch the tractor out. When winching the tractor out, always run the cable under the lower pulley. Support the winch by driving the tractor.

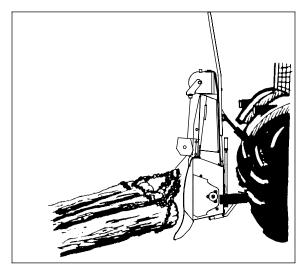


Fig. 12. Winching over the lower diverting pulley

#### **DROPPING THE LOAD**

- 1. Let down the 3-point hitch.
- 2. Release the safety brake.

#### **TRANSPORTATION**

The cable should be run under lower diverting pulley and locked in place for transportation of the winch.

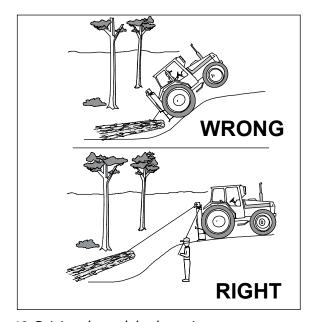


Fig. 13. Driving through bad terrain

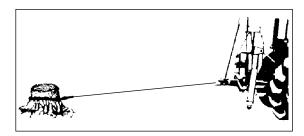


Fig. 14. Winching the tractor out

#### **MAINTENANCE**

#### **SAFETY**



Disengage the P.T.O and turn the tractor off before you service the winch, remove the keys so the tractor cannot be started up accidentally.

	Ball thrust	Clutch halves,	
	bearings,	for example	
	for example Teboil	Teboil	
	MultiPurpose	Universal M	
	Grease		
Thickening	Litium	Litium	
agent	Litiuiii		
NLGI rating	2	2	
Dropping point	185	180	
°C	103	160	
Base oil viscosity	110	110	
mm2/s @ 40 °C	110	110	
Operating			
temperature	-30120	-30120	
range <sup>o</sup> C			

#### **LUBRICATION**

Following points require lubrication:

- 1. Grease the mechanical clutch parts after every 500 working hours. Always use good quality lubrication grease.
- 2. Grease ball thrust bearings after every 1000 working hours.
- 3. Grease the PTO-shaft regularly and aways before use as shown in figure 15.
- 4. Grease the drum chain lightly (not with oil) after every 50 working hours with spray type, hardening chain grease. Wipe off the excessive grease.

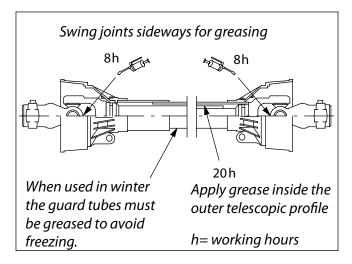


Fig. 15. PTO shaft lubrication

#### **CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT**

The clutch is easy to operate. It does not exert to keep the clutch pulled because the lever is pulled over the highest transfer strength 35 kg outside up to the impact. In impact proximity the transfer strength is only 10-15 kg.



It is important that the clutch is adjusted correctly and the impact is not changed, otherwise exists danger that the clutch goes beyond the so-called dead point and cannot the drive any longer be switched off.

# 35 kg

Fig. 16. Clutch adjustment

#### **CHECK**

- Measure the strength of the control rope e.g. with the help of a spring scale or a weight.
- If the maximum force is below the desired level, tighten the clutch. If the force exceeds the desired level, loosen the clutch.

#### **ADJUSTING**

- 1. Loosen the axle nut's (C) lock screw.
- 2. Turn the nut (C) (horizontal width: 50 mm) slightly in the required direction clockwise to tighten the clutch and counter-clockwise to loosen it.
- 3. Use the scales to pull the clutch lever (A) close to the limiter (B).
- 4. After reaching the desired maximum force, lock the nut (C).



If you overtighten the nut (C), the string force will increase but the winch will not pull well.

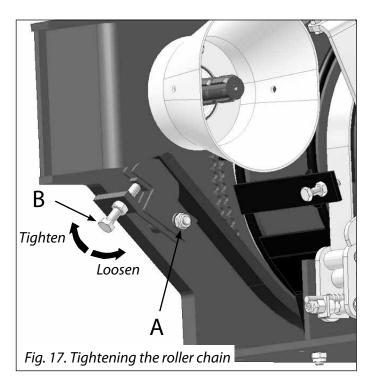
If the nut is too loose, the string force will be light but the clutch could slip.

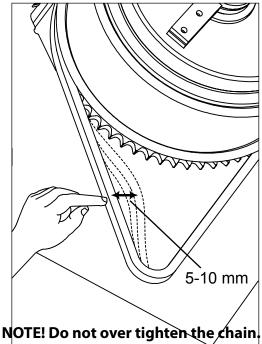
#### ADJUSTING THE ROLLER CHAIN TIGHTNESS

Roller chains tightness adjustment is carried out by moving the chain tightener. See fig. 17.

- 1. Loosen the bolt (A) holding the chain tightener (19 mm wrench).
- 2. Adjust the chain tightness by moving the chain tightener towards with screw (B).
- 3. Tighten the nuts.

#### NOTE! Do not over tighten the chain.





#### ADJUSTING THE DRUM BRAKE

Adjust the drum brake so that it slows down the drum slightly while pulling out the rope. This will reduce risk of tangling and backlash.

 To increase the braking effect tighten the adjustment bolt D. See fig 18. To decrease the braking effect loosen the adjustment bolt.

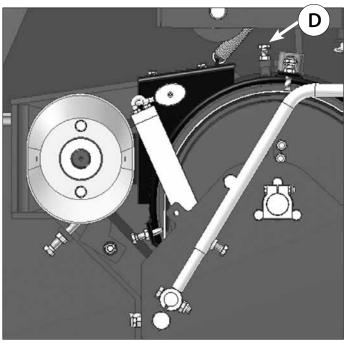
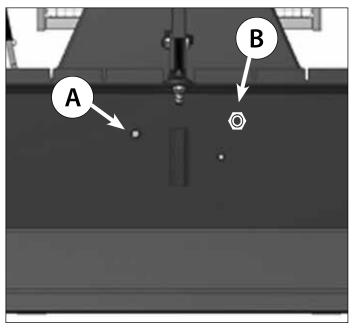


Fig. 18. Drum brake adjustment

#### **REMOVING THE WINCH MECHANISM**

The whole winch mechanism can be removed in one piece from the frame. To remove the winch mechanism from the winch (e.g. in order to change the roller chain) follow the instructions below:

- 1. Park the winch on a level, stable ground so that it leans a little backwards.
- 2. Remove the cable.
- 3. Remove the fastening bolts (fig. 19 pos. A) beside the drive shaft. 24 mm wrench.
- 4. Remove fastening bolts (fig. 19 pos. B). 19 mm wrench.
- 5. Remove fastening bolts 6 pieces (fig. 19 pos. C). 30 mm wrench.
- 6. Pull out the winch mechanism. Weight 180 kg.



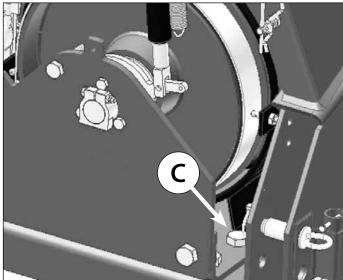


Fig. 19. Removing the winch mechanism

# TROUBLE SHOOTING

CONDITION	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Hard to pull the cable out	Drum brake is too tight.	Loosen the drum brake. See instructions from item "Adjusting the drum brake".
	The clutch is too tight	Loosen the clutch
Cable gets tangled on the drum.	Cable too loose on the drum. The cable is pressed between loose loops.	Disengage the brake and drive the cable out from the drum by means of the tractor. Reel the cable tightly back in with the help of the load.
Cable develops kinks.	Cable brake too loose	Tighten the drum brake. Tighten cable on the drum by pulling out the cable and by winching with a heavy load.
Roller chain comes off.	Roller chain too loose, some part is broken or the aligning is incorrect.	Check the aligment of the chain. Check possible damages. Adjust the roller chain, change if necessary. See chapter "Adjusting the roller chain".
Rattling sound	Roller chain too tight, some part is broken or the aligning is incorrect.	Check the aligment of the chain. Check possible damages. Adjust the roller chain, change if necessary. See chapter "Adjusting the roller chain".
Insufficient pull on the cable	Normal wear of the clutch. Minimum thickness of the clutch plates is 7 mm.	See chapter "Clutch adjustment"
	Oil or grease in the clutch	Disassemble and clean the parts.
	Clutch too loosely adjusted	Adjustment of the clutch. See chapter "Clutch adjustment"
Tractor slides backwards when winching	Parking brakes are not on. Dozer blade does not anchor the unit firmly to the ground.	Lock on the parking brakes. Lower the winch all way to the ground.

#### WARRANTY

Farmi Forest Oy grants a 12-month warranty on all of its products, covering material and manufacturing faults. The warranty comes into effect on the product's delivery date.

The manufacturer is not liable for damages caused by:

- misuse of the product
- alterations or repairs made without the manufacturer's permission
- insufficient maintenance
- non-original parts

The warranty does not cover wearing parts.

Send faulty parts, carriage paid, to the manufacturer for inspection. Repairs will be conducted by Farmi Forest Oy or an authorized expert. The warranty is valid only if the bottom part of this page is filled in and returned to the manufacturer within 30 days of receipt of the product.

By returning the warranty certificate, you confirm that you have read and understood the instruction manual that came with the product.

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Farmi Forest Corporation Ahmolantie 6 FIN-74510 IISALMI FINLAND

PRODUCT REGISTRATION FORM
Date of delivery:/20
Dealer:
Dealer's address:
Dealer's tel:
Product and type:
Serial number:
<b>*************************************</b>
Return to the manufacturer
Date of delivery:/ 20
Dealer:
Dealer's address:
Dealer's tel:
Customer:
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